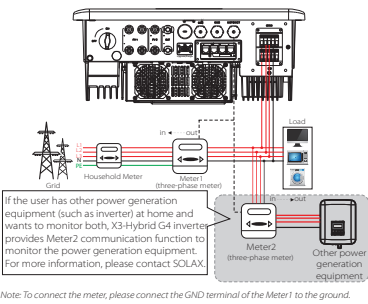
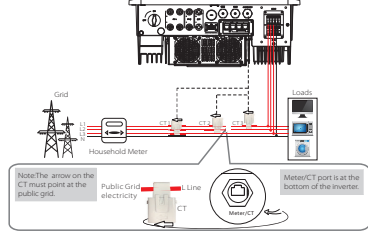


VII Communication Connection (BMS/Meter/CT/COM/DRM)

Electric meter connection diagram

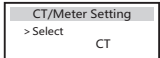


CT connection diagram



LCD settings

To select CT, you need to enter Use setting, then enter CT/Meter Setting.

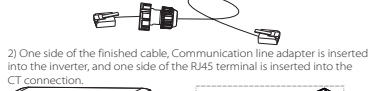


Meter/CT PIN is defined as follows:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
CT1-1	CT2-1	CT3-1	485A	485B	CT3-2	CT2-2	CT1-2

Note: Only one of the Meter and CT connections can be selected. Meter cable goes to pin terminal 4 and 5; CT1 cable to PIN Terminal 1 and 8; CT2 cable to PIN Terminal 2 and 7; CT3 cable is connected to terminals 3 and 6.

1) To connect the Communication line of the CT line, the lines need to be made on both sides, connecting the RJ45 terminal on one side and the Communication Line Adapter on the other.

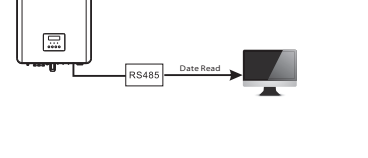


2) One side of the finished cable. Communication line adapter is inserted into the inverter, and one side of the RJ45 terminal is inserted into the CT connection.

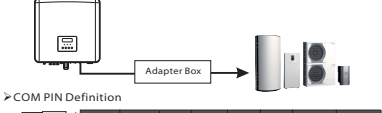


Note: When installing, pay attention to water resistance. All the connected parts of CT must be put into the distribution cabinet.

COM Communication



Inverter communication control external equipment:



> COM PIN Definition

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
External Alarm	External Stop	+13V	485A	485B	GND	External Alarm	External Stop

Note: Customers can communicate or control the inverter and external devices through the COM interface. Professional users can use pins 4 and 5 to realize data acquisition and external control functions. The communication protocol is Modbus RTU. For details, please contact SOLAX. If the user wants to use the inverter dry contact to control external equipment (such as a heat pump), it can be used with Solax's Adapter Box. For details, please refer to the Quick Installation Manual of the Adapter Box.

> The BMS pin is defined as follows:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
BMS_CANH	BMS_CAVL	BMS_CAVH	BMS_CAVL	BMS_485A	BMS_485B		

Note: The communication port on the lithium battery must be consistent with the definition of pins 4, 5, 7, and 8 above.

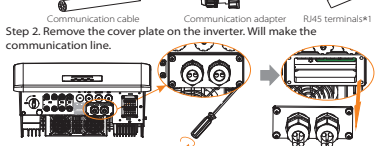
> The DRM pin is defined as follows:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
DRM1/5	DRM2/6	DRM3/7	DRM4/8	+3.3V	DRM0	GND	GND

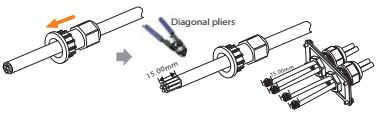
Note: Currently only PIN6 (DRM0) and PIN1 (DRM1/5) are functional; other PIN functions are under development.

Communication Connection Steps

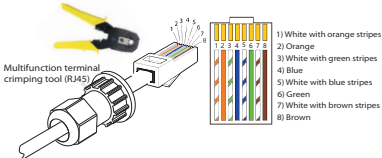
Step 1. Prepare a communication cable, and then find the communication adapter in the accessory bag.



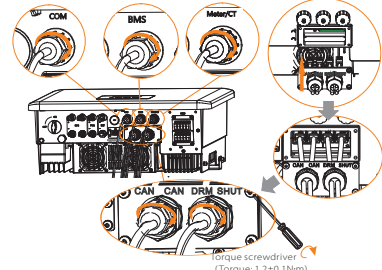
Step 3. Insert the communication cable through the communication adapter, and peel off the outer insulation layer of 15 mm.



Step 4. Insert the prepared communication cables into the RJ45 terminals in sequence, and then use network cable crimping pliers to press them tightly.

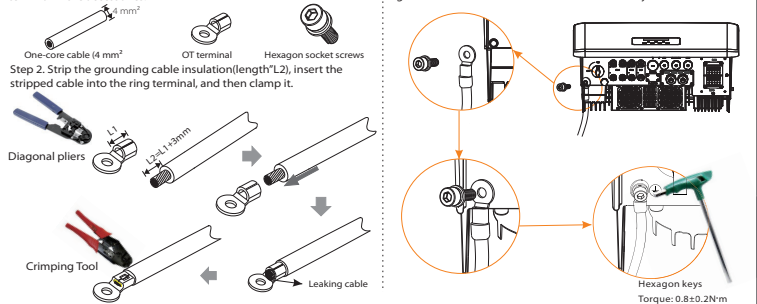


Step 5. Insert the communication line (CAN/DRM/SHUT) into the corresponding port, lock the cover plate, and tighten the fastening head. Finally, the corresponding COM, METER, CT and BMS can be found to insert the corresponding ports of the inverter communication cable.



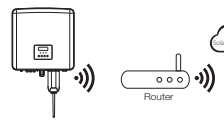
VIII Grounding Connection (mandatory)

* The ground wire port of X3-Hybrid G4 M series inverter has been connected, and the D series needs to be wired according to the following steps.



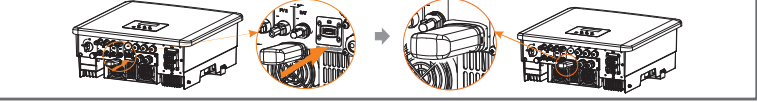
IX Monitoring Operation

DONGLE connection diagram



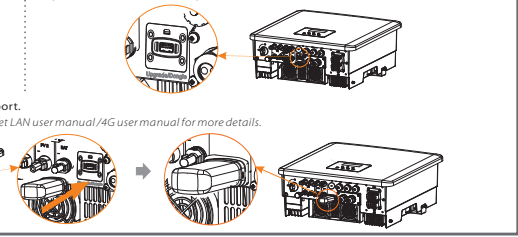
Step 2. Plug Pocket WiFi into the DONGLE port.

Please check the Pocket WiFi user manual/Pocket LAN user manual/4G user manual for more details.



Wireless monitoring accessories connection steps

There are 4 work modes of choice. Self-use/Back Up Mode/Feed in Priority/Force Time Use. All these work modes are available for on-grid condition only.



X Start Guide

1. Set date time

Date time: 2021-11-10 10:05

2. Set language

Language: English, Deutsch, Italian

3. Set the safety standard

Safety Country: >WDE0126

4. CT/Meter Setting

CT/Meter Setting: >Meter

5*. Set export control

Export Control: Use Value: 10000W

6*. Set work mode

Work Mode: >Mode Select self use

7.X3-Matebox Setting

X3-Matebox Setting: >disable enable

8*. Export Control

This function allows the inverter able to control energy exported to the grid. There are user value and factory value. The factory value is default which can not be changed by user. The user value set by installer must be less than the factory value.

6*. Set work mode

Name: Description

Self Use

① When the power of PV is sufficient

Active Charging or Discharge time period: PV will power the loads firstly, and surplus power will charge to the battery. If the battery is fully charged, then sell the surplus power to the grid. If the inverter will limit the output if feed-in is zero (feed-in is needed) | (PV > Load, PV ~ Load ~ Battery ~ Grid)

② Without PV power

Active Charging time period: PV will power the loads firstly, the remaining power will be taken from the grid, the battery will not discharge. (PV > Load, PV ~ Load ~ Grid ~ Battery)

Active Discharge time period: PV & BAT will power the loads together. If the power is still not enough, the remaining power will be taken from the grid. (PV < Load, PV + Battery + Grid ~ Load)

Feed-in priority

① When the power of PV is sufficient

Active Charging time period: PV will power the loads firstly, the remaining power will be taken from the grid. The battery will not discharge. (PV > Load, PV ~ Load ~ Grid)

Discharge time period: PV & BAT will power the loads together. If the power is still not enough, the remaining power will be taken from the grid. (PV < Load, PV + Battery + Grid ~ Load)

② Without PV power

Active Charging time period: The grid will power the home loads and also charge the battery. (PV < Grid ~ Load ~ Battery)

Active Discharge time period: The battery will power the home loads firstly. If the battery power is not enough, the remaining power will be taken from the grid. The inverter will enter into the standby state. (PV < Grid ~ Load ~ Battery)

Backup mode

The Backup mode is suitable for areas with frequent power outages. Same working logic with 'Self-use' mode. This mode will maintain the battery capacity at a relatively high level. Users' settings to ensure that the emergency loads. Battery min SOC can be set 30%~100%. Charge battery to min SOC can be set: 30%~100%.

Battery min SOC can be set 30%~100%. Charge battery to min SOC can be set: 30%~100%.

The EPFC (grid mode) is used when the power grid is off. System will provide emergency power through PV and batteries to supply power to the household loads. (Battery is necessary)

EPS (Off-grid)

The EPFC (grid mode) is used when the power grid is off. System will provide emergency power through PV and batteries to supply power to the household loads. (Battery is necessary)

① When the power of PV is sufficient

PV will power the loads firstly, and surplus power will charge to the battery. (PV > Load, PV ~ Load ~ Battery)

② When the power of PV is insufficient

The remaining power will be taken from the battery. (PV < Load, PV ~ Load ~ Battery)

③ Without PV power

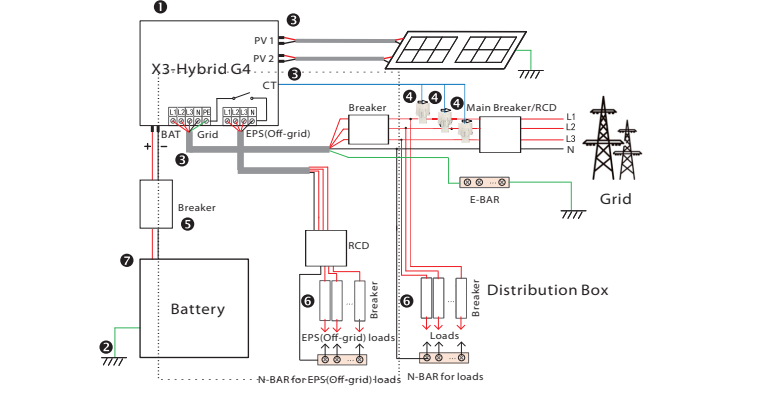
The battery will power the emergency loads until the battery reached the min SOC, then the inverter will enter into the off-grid mode. (PV < Battery ~ Load)

EPFC (off-grid) SOC-min condition is adjustable within the range of 10%-25%.

XI Start Inverter

Start inverter

After the inverter is checked, the inverter will take the following steps: Applies to most countries



- Make sure that the inverter is fixed on the wall.
 - Ensure that all ground wires are grounded.
 - Confirm that all DC lines and AC lines are connected.
 - Make sure the CT are connected.
 - Make sure the battery is well connected.
 - Turn on the Load switch and EPS(Off-grid) switch
 - Turn on the battery switch.
- Long press Enter for 5 seconds to exit the shutdown mode. Mode is the mode when it is turned off for the first time; factory default: off mode)

Note: The RCD on the figure represents a leakage protection device with a circuit breaker function.

XII Firmware Upgrading

-In order to upgrade the firmware smoothly, if the DSP and ARM firmware needs to be upgraded, please note that ARM firmware must be upgraded first, then DSP firmware!

-Make sure that this directory is completely consistent with the above table, do not modify the firmware file name. Otherwise, the inverter may not work!

-For X3-Hybrid G4, ensure that the PV input voltage is greater than 180V (upgrade on sunny days), please ensure that the battery SOC is greater than 20% or the battery input voltage is greater than 180V. Otherwise, it may cause serious failure during the upgrade process!

-If the ARM firmware upgrade fails or stops, please do not unplug the U disk and power off the inverter and restart it. Then repeat the upgrade steps.

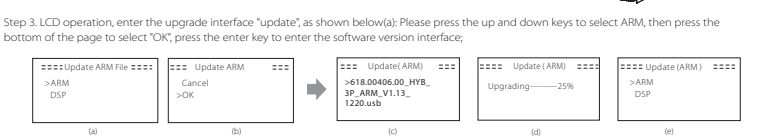
- ### 1) Upgrade preparation
- Please check the inverter version and prepare a U disk (USB 2.0/USB3.0) and personal computer before upgrading.
 - Please contact our service support through service@solaxpower.com to obtain the firmware, and store the firmware in the U disk according to the following path:
 - Update: For ARM file: update\ARM\618.00406.00_HYB_3P_ARM_V1.13_1220.usb;
 - For DSP file: update\DSP\618.00405.00_HYB_3P_DSP_V1.14_1215.usb;

2) Upgrade steps

Step 1. Please save the "Update" firmware in your U disk first, and press the "Enter" button on the machine screen for 5 seconds to enter the shutdown mode. Then unscrew the waterproof cover, insert the U disk into the "upgrade" port at the bottom of the inverter.



Step 2. Find the "Upgrade" port of the inverter, unplug the monitoring module (Pocket WiFi/ Pocket 4G/Pocket LAN) by hand, and insert the USB flash drive.



Step 3. LCD operation, enter the upgrade interface "update", as shown below(a): Please press the up and down keys to select ARM, then press the bottom of the page to select "OK", press the enter key to enter the software version interface;



Step 4. Please confirm the new firmware version again and select the firmware to upgrade. The upgrade takes about 20 seconds. (d) When it is completed, the LCD screen returns to the "update" page.